



THE CHOIR, ST. PAUL NORMAL AND INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE

Students from twenty-six states and territories, from Cuba, Hayti, Puerto Rico, and Africa attended the school in 1907. There are twenty-five Industrial and School Departments.

Outside of the county the school's boys and girls are making their mark. One of the large contractors of Manchester is a St. Paul boy. The foreman and assistant foreman of a large New York electrical plant, and the assistant foreman of one of the largest Negro printing establishments in the country, at Richmond, Va., are St. Paul boys. In Clarksville, Houston and South Boston, respectively, three of the trade graduates are doing a large building and contracting business. In various other places our boys are working in open competition with other workmen and getting standard wages. The rector of a flourishing church in Brooklyn, N. Y., is a St. Paul boy. The principal of the graded school at Wilson, N. C., with eight teachers under him, is a St. Paul graduate. One of the leading dentists of Norfolk is a St. Paulite, as are also the rectors of two very important churches in the West, at Cincinnati and Harrisburg, respectively. The principal and one of the teachers of a flourishing school in Florida are graduates of St. Paul.

Students are required to attend the daily religious exercises of the school; also Sunday-school and church on Sunday. Instructors are expected to attend all religious services of the church and to teach in Sunday-school.

A WINTER SCENE. GIRLS' DORMITORIES, ST. PAUL INSTITUTE

The school, with 1,700 acres of land, and 25 buildings, stands on one of the main streets of the town. The campus is 19 acres.

Handicapped by Lack of Funds

The school is doing the best it can with its facilities and financial resources. It has support from the American Church Institute for Negroes, but is handicapped by lack of funds. Opportunities for extension of its work, educational, social and economic, are almost limitless. It has the plant, the people and the opportunity right at its door. The crying need is money for development and extension. Some of the school's present and most pressing needs are as follows: Capital fund or indebtedness as of April 1, 1909, \$28,892.23; current expense fund (for three months to close of fiscal year), \$12,000; library maintenance fund in order to get Mr. Carnegie's pledge of \$10,000, \$9,000; building for model school and manual training, \$7,500; for drainage system and laying out of campus, \$7,500; for industrial building and stock and dairy barn, \$50,000; for academic hall and boys' dormitory, \$45,000; teachers' cottages (each), \$1,250; for school hospital, \$10,000; pipe organ for memorial chapel, \$2,000; for heating plant, \$10,000; scholarship endowment (each), \$1,000; scholarships of \$50 each for tuition of students in attendance; permanent endowment fund, \$500,000.